THE COURTS.

Further Efforts to Get at the Bottem Facts of the Black Friday Gold Corner.

SCHEMERS IN THE DARK.

Interesting to Drinkers of Champagne.

A LAWYER AND HIS FEES.

The Industrial Exhibition Company Again in the Courts.

After several days' respite, made compulsory through the temporary illness of Mr. Shearman, of counsel for Jay Gould, the trial of the suit brought by De Witt C. Taylor against Mr. Gould and others for damages growraylor against ar. Godin and on Black Friday was re-sumed yesterday before Judge Barrett. The jury were in their seats promptly at cleven o'clock. Upon the opening of the Court the various counsel had a consul-tation with the Judge touching the expediency of ad-journing court on account of the death of Surrogate Van Schaick, but it was decided to proceed owing to the pressing business devolving upon Judge Barrett, who is assigned to hold Supreme Court, Chambers, for

Henry M. Benedict, President of the Gold Exchange Bank, was the first witness called. He testified as to the formation of the bank and its functions. He stated that in September, 1869, he knew Jay Gould, also Smith, Gould, Martin & Co.; he dealt with the also Smith, Gould, Martin & Co.; he dealt with the Exchange; on Black Friday he went to Heath's office; he saw Fisk and Gould and said to them, "Is this your settling day?" Fisk said, "Yes, we settle to-day;" I said the bank will not clear you; he said, "I come down to do business in my way and you can do yours, there will be no trouble;" replied that he thought there would be trouble; they were seated near each other; no other person was in the room; when he addressed them he looked at both; the faces were both toward him, and he thought they both paid attention to him; he saw Mr. Smith later in the day. (Counsel here showed the Judge and jury a diagram of the office and passages.)

Bassages.)

He met Smith in one of the passages; asked bim if he would have difficulty in the settlements of the day; he said, "You can have all the gold you want, and there will be no difficulty." told him he must be on time, as there would be great confusion; said he was out with Fisk at that time and would go and talk with Gould; he went back to the private room and called Gould into the hall and consuited; came back and said to me, "It will be all right, you can have all the gold you want;" they knew I was the President of the bank; after that on Saturday night, in a private office in the bank building, he saw Fisk, Gould and Santth; asked Gould to settle up a balance of some \$500,000 remaining against them in the bank; Mr. Gould finally agreed to set aside \$75,000 to meet certain balances; in the accounts thus settled the Speyer's account was thrown out.

Cross-examined by Mr. Begen—I am director of the bank now; its operations were suspended at that time about two months; on Friday the bank was unable to make a trial balance of Thursday's busness; nothing but cash and loan transactions were atterward settled by the bank; on Friday the largest amount of gold on hand in the bank was \$8,000,000.

Isaac C. Ogden, Jr., was called to prove purchases of gold for the firm of Smith, Gould & Martin on limited orders, on the Wednesday preceding Black Friday; on Thursday the witness' firm were in the main loaned out of the gold they were carrying for Smith, Gould & Martin at 14 a 15 for the day; on Friday witness was at Heath's office by eight o'clock A. M.; the first person who appeared was Henry Smith, who approached from the rao of the office; about half an hour after Fisk came bustling around and talking very loud; about half a dozen persons, including C. C. Allen, went in and out to the inner office during the day; witness did not go in

Q. Was there a guard at the door? issages.) He met Smith in one of the passages; asked bim if

Q. Was there a guard at the door?

Mr. Beach objected.
Mr. Sullivan said he wanted to prove that this was ta a public office, as Mr. Beach said, where people me and went for information.
Mr. Sewell—No, but a kind of sanctum sanctorum.

Mr. Sewell—No, but a kind of sanctum sanctorum.
(Laughter.)

Witness said he found the door fastened and locked, and an officer stationed to keep people out; gold went up rapidly. He also admitted that there was no entry on Heath & Co.'s books to his knowledge on Black Friday of the entry of a joint transaction by Fisk & Gould, Martin & Co.

The Court here adjourned.

A CASE OF CHAMPAGNE.

An examination before trial of special interest to day be ore Recorder Hackett, sitting in Chambers. The complainants in the case are Messrs. Frederick De wines of G. H. Mujim & Co. The parties compla against comprise a large number of champagne dealers, who, it is charged, although pretending to sell the genuine Mumm & Co. champagne, sell only a spurious lors. A very lengthy affidavit was submitted of Lewis Saurer, one of the firm of Frederick De Bary & Co. The affidavit states that to such an extent had this factitious production of laise and detectrous wine been carried that some time since, by the and of detectives and others, a vigorous inquiry was made into the sources of all the manufacture, bottling and selling of this fictitious wine; that It was found that It was carried on with great secrety, and that the wine would be manufactured, bottled and corked in one place and would be habelled and packed and boxed in another place; that to a very large extens, through the operation of junk dealers and pedlers, there odd bottles, with the labels still intact, are purchased from hotels and restaurants, and even private families, and so made the isnocent cause of detracing the public with the bad wine which is subsequently put into them, and by the said of falsely branied corks, and that, through the junk dealers, pedlers and colifouniers, their boxes which have massed from the bad wine which is subsequently put into them, and by the said of falsely branied corks, and that, through the junk dealers, pedlers and colifouniers, their boxes which have massed from the bad wine which is subsequently put into them, and by the said of falsely branied corks, and that, through the junk dealers, pedlers and colifouniers, their boxes which have massed from the bad wine which is subsequently put into them, and by the said of falsely branied corks, and that, through the junk dealers, pedlers and colifouniers, their boxes which have massed from the bad with the junk dealers, pedlers and colifouniers, their boxes which have massed from the first and the first an Frederick De Bary & Co. The affidavit states that to such an extent had this fictitious production of false and deleterious wine been carried that some time since, by the aid of detectives and others, a vigorous inquiry was made into the sources of all the manufacture, bottling and selling of this fictitious wine; that it was found that it was carried on with great secrety, and that the wine would be manufactured, bottled and corked in one place and would be labelled and packed and boxed in another place; that to a very large extent, through the operation of junk dealers and pedlers, their old bottles, with the labels still intact, are purchased from hotels and restaurants, and even private families, and so made the innocent cause of defrauding the public with the had wine which is subsequently pet into them, and by the aid of falsely branied corks, and that, through the junk dealers, pedlers and chiffouniers, their boxes which have passed through the Custom house are, to a considerable extent, regathered and used likewise as the means of deception.

The Recorder, having heard the testimony, decided to send the case for trust, and notified the accused—Al-mbonse and Charles Rect. Inthographers Futter street.

suit was commenced was for nearly \$90,000, that being the proceeds of bonds of the company alleged to have been soid by defendants and unaccounted for. This money, it was claimed, was received in a fiduciary capacity by detendants, and an order of arrest was money, it was claimed, was received in a fiduciary capacity by detendants, and an order of arrest was assued against them on this ground, directing that they be held to bail in the sum of \$110,000. When the arrest was made by the Sherrif, the detendants applied for a reduction of bail, and the application was granted and bail reduced to \$100,000. Detendants then turned over \$60,000 worth of the bonds in dispate and gave personal security in \$40,000. With the deduction of the bonds returned, the plaintiff claims there is still due from detendants the sum of \$44,191 50, while defendants claim this sum has all been covered by combisions and expenses of various sorts. By the testimony given yesterday on behalf of the plaintiffs, it appeared that the balance now claimed by them is inside up of the proceeds of fitty bonds of the series drawn in July, 1874, and sold at \$95 cach: ninety bunds of the series drawn in October, 1874, and sold at \$22.80; 147 half bonds and three whole ones of the series drawn in January, 1875, the half bonds being sold at \$30 cach and the whole ones at \$120 cach. The proceeds of these bonds, the secretary of the company testified, was to have been made a special deposit in the Fifth National Bank of this city, for the redemption of drawn bonds, but no such deposit had been made by defendants to his knowledge. Edward McMurdy, a director of the company and formerly its vice president, testified that he was a contractor, and had been ten years connected with the company; the price agreed upon for the land to be occupied by the company, overlooking the Harlem flats, was \$1,700,000; the defendants had proposed about the time the contract for the sale of the bonds was made with them to pay \$200,000 on account of the company; the price agreed upon for the land to be occupied by the company overlooking the Harlem flats, was \$1,700,000; the defendants had proposed about the time the contract for the sale of the bonds was made with them to hay \$200,000 on account of the consideration for this land, b

SUMMARY OF LAW CASES.

In the old suit of Henry Thornton and others against the St. Paul and Chicago Radroad Company an order was given yesterday by Judge Van Brunt directing the plaintiffs to file security for costs.

Judge Barrett yesterday reduced from \$10,000 to \$1,000 the bail of Pantition Gumari, arrested at the suit of Johanna C. Busseman, on a charge of seduction and promise of marriage.

Two crim, con. cases were tried yesterday before Judge

Van Brunt and each resulted in a verdict for \$1,000 for the plaintiff. John D. Young, a blacksmith, was the plaintiff in the first suit and William Nowman the deendant. In the second suit Charles Abbot, a sallor, was plaintiff and Francis Sniffen the defendant.
In the sait brought by W. C. Havemeyer against

Valentine & Butler, the safe manufacturers, for \$25,000 damages, the particulars of which have been published, Judge Monell, of the Superior Court, before whom the case was tried, ordered a scaled verdict to be brought

damages, the particulars of which have been published, Judge Monell, of the Superior Court, before whom the case was tried, ordered a scaled verdict to be brought in this morning.

Judgment was yesterday entered in the County Clerk's office against Wilsam M. Tweed on the civil suits recently concluded. The total amount is \$0,635,652 19, of which the following are the tioms:—Amount of verdict, \$6,537,117 38; interest, \$36,862 08; co-is and disbursements and extra allowances to people's counsel, \$61,672 73.

A verdict for \$5,000 damages in favor of Lettia A. Cark against Dillon, Clyde & Co., contractors, was given yesterday in the suit of the former against the latter, tried before Judge Van Brunt. The suit was for damages for falling into the excavation at Fourth avenue and Sixty-third street during the work upon the Fourth avenue improvement, the defendants being contractors. Mr. William F. Howe represented the plaintiff and Mr. Alexander Shaw the defendants.

John G. Cowie brought suit against the Marezzo Marbie Company to recover balance of salary for services as secretary. The case was tried yesterday before Judge Van Brunt, in the Court of Common Pleas, and resulted in a verdict for the plaintiff for \$211 79, being the full amount claimed. Mr. Benjamin F. Russell appeared for the plaintiff and Messrs. Palmer & De Camp for the defendant.

Two winters ago Jennings C. Battersby slipped on the key street, as he was crossing Nassau street at Liberty, and broke his leg. He brought suit against the city for \$10,000 damages, and the case was tried yesterday beiore Judge Van Brunt, in the Court of Common Pleas. The complaint was dismissed on the ground that the plaintiff failed to give prior notification to the city of the condition of the street; but the exceptions, however, are allowed to be heard in the first instance at the General Term.

Before Judge J. F. Daly, holding Trial Term of the Court, of Common Pleas, John H. Palmer yesterday got a verdict against Peter Long of \$1,000, for alleged slander. The case pr

enue law in not paying the special tax as such liquor dealer.

The suit of James Walsh against Albert Holmes, his landlord, for damages on account of the death of his wife from injuries, as alleged, caused by failing through an unseen cellar door, tried before Judge Lawrence, in Supreme Court, Circuit, resulted yesterday in a dismissal of the complaint.

Robert Braun, a seaman on the bark Brunswick, who was arrested about a week ago on a charge of committing an assault on the first officer of the vessel, and who was sent to this port under custody, was taken before United States Commissioner Shields yesterday and discharged, it appearing that there was no complainant nor witness. «Braun was confined for fourteen months in Montevideo before he was sent to this country for trial.

try for trial.
In Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday Judge Dono-

sate her counsel in prosecuting the charges of her complaint.

In the matter of Newman.—The Court should retain the injunction for a sufficient length of time to enable the petitioners to procure the appointment of a committee and to enable such committee to file a proper pull to set aside the conveyance, &c., and demanding restoration of any property unjustly taken or withheld from the lunaue. The moiton, must, therefore, be denied without prejudice to a renewal in case there should be any further unreasonable delay in applying for a committee or in the action of such committee when appointed. The motion to confirm the inquisition is, of course, granted, and the parties may take, if they desire it, the usual order of reference to nominate a committee and to pass upon the security, &c., in accordance with the channery practice.

By Judge Bonohue.

In the matter of Speliman.—Motion granted. Memorandum.

randum,
Kormann vs. Falk et al.—Motion granted,
By Judge Lawrence.
In the matter of the petition of the New York Protestant E. iscopal Public School.—Order granted.
Spiegelhoff vs. Keefl.—Granted.

SUPERIOR COURT-SPECIAL TERM.

Burnel vs. The American Popular Life Insurance Company.—Defendant's motion to stay the plaintiff's proceedings in this Court is granted upon the payment of plaintiff's costs, including costs of this motion, with leave to the plaintiff to move to vacate this stay in case of any omission by the defendants to diligently prosecute their appeal in New Jersey, and also with leave to either party after the determination of such appeal to apply to this Court for such further order as may be just.

Daly vs. Byrne.—Order settled and signed. Daly vs. Brown.—Order settled and signed. Daly vs. Byrne.—Same decision.

COMMON PLEAS-SPECIAL TERM. By Judge Van Brunt. Beaumont vs. Kempton.—Order signed and stay granted.
Thornton and others vs. The St. Paul and Chicago Railway Company and others.—Order signed.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS. Before Judge Gildersleeve.

LAWYER CHARGED WITH PICKING THE POCKET

OF HIS (LIENT.

John Lovelocke, attorney and counsellor-at-law, was yesterday, charged with the larceny of \$10 and some papers from the person of John F. O'Brien. The com-plainant stated that he called at the office of Lovelocke, No. 194 Broadway, on the 20th of last month, and en-gaged him to collect a month's salary due him from the American District Telegraph Company, in the employ of which he had been. He states that himself and American District Telegraph Company, in the employ of which he had been. He states that himself and Lovelocke then started up the Bowery, stopping at a number of liquor raioons on the way, and finally reached one on the corner of Hester street, where he became ancouscious. When he recovered his senses on the evening of the same day he found that two fivedollar bills and two checks had been taken from his pocket. Two boys whom he saw informed him that they had seen Lovelocke pick his pockets while he was under the influence of the Bowery whiskey. Thereupon O Brien proceeded to the residence of his newly employed lawyer at No. 8 Mott street, and intimated that he would like to have his money back. Lovelocke did not respond and O Brien caused his arrest. Upon appearing before the magistrate on the following day Lovelocke produced from his pocket one of the saloons which he had visited with the latter on the previous day. He stated that his chent had given him \$10 on account of anticipated expenses in the collection of the month's pay. This statement he repeated in court yesterday, although the boys swore to having seen him pick the pockets of his friend and to having seen him to a beer saloon and treated them, paying the bartender out of a five-dollar note. A number of lawyers swore that the accused bore a good character, and there was no evidence that he had ever been arrested. The jury sequitived him without leaving their seats. Judge Gildersleeve, in discharging the prisoner, expressed the hope that the occurrence would teach him to be more careful in future, as, whether he were guilty or not, his conduct upon the day of the Bar.

SENT UP THE RIVER. Robert Prentice, alias Thomas Hagan, and John H.

Green, in whose possession was found a portion of \$271
worth of silverware stolen from the house of Morris
Kahn, on Christmas Eve last, pleaded guilty, and were
sent to State Prison for one year and a half each.

Henry Stevens, of No. 26 Commerce street, was convicted of assaut, with intent to do bodily harm, in
stabbing Francis S. Murphy, of No. 2.000 Third
avenue, in the neck with a pocketknife on the night of
February 7, at No. 248 Spring street, where the men
had gone to see some women, about one of whom they
had a quarrel. He was sent to State Prison for three
and one-half years.

POLICE COURT NOTES, Robert Prentice, alias Thomas Hagan, and John H.

am Johnson and Martin Kolly, burglar flichnel Mullally and John Fitzmorris, b e vs. Charles Hogan, burglary; Same vs. Russell, Thomas Nurret and John

COURT OF APPEALS. ALBANY. April 6, 1876.

The following were the proceedings in this court

The following were the proceedings in this court today:—
No. 142. Evert Evertsent, respondent, vs. The National Bank of Newport, appellant—Argued by S. Hend for appellant; N. C. Moak for respondent.
No. 18. Isaac McNeilly, administrator, respondent, vs. The Continental Life Insurance Company, appellant—Argued by Charles J. Bissell for appellant; A. M. Bingham for respondent.
No. 30. William Gourley, administrator, &c., respondent, vs. Joseph Campbell, et al., appellants—Argued by Robert Johnstone for appellant; C. F. Brown for respondent.

Proclamation mads and court adjourned.

Nos. 114, 148, 95, 112, 150, 42, 157 and 158.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6, 1876. The following cases were argued in the United States

The fo'lowing cases were argued in the United States Supreme Court yesterday:—

202. Sas Casas steamer Alabama, impleaded with the tug Game Cock—Appeal from the Circuit Court of the Soathera District or New York.—This was a case of collision in the Narrows, New York Harbor, near Fort Richmond, December 15, 1865, between the bark Ninia, owned by the appellant, and the steamer. The bark was at the time in tow of the Game Cock, coming into port. The Alabama was going out. The bark being sunk, both the Alabama and the tug were libelled. The decree of the District Court found the tug chiefly at fault, and directed that the value of the Game Cock be exhausted in descharging the responsibility before resorting to the Alabama. The Circuit Court found both the Alabama and the tug at fault, and directed a division of the damages between them.

It is here insisted on the part of the steamer that had the tug not suddenly changed her course there would have been no collisions, that neither the tug nor the bark had signal lights, and that in consequence, having her sais all furled, the bark was supposed to be at anchor until the moment of collision. Thus she urges that the tug was or the tug and her tow to, ether were responsible for the accident.

The Game Cock urges that she signalled all her managuvres, but that no attention was paid to her signals by the steamer, and insists that both her own lights and those of the bark were burging brightly.

Edwards Pierrepont for Alabama; John E. Parsons Sas Casas; W. R. Boebe for the Game Cock.

TRIAL OF ANDREAS FUCHS.

CLOSE OF THE CASE FOR THE PEOPLE-OPEN-ING FOR THE DEFENCE-JUSTIFIABLE HOMI-CIDE CLAIMED.

The trial of Andreas Fuchs for the murder of William Simmons was resumed yesterday in the Kings County Court of Oyer and Terminer before Judge Pratt and Associate Justices Wolfert and McKibben. The court

Detective Days N. Corwin testified that he was at Fuchs' nouse on Sunday, January 30, and stated what

articles he found there.

On the cross-examination by Mr. Taylor, counsel for Fuchs, the witness was questioned at great length touching the details of the manner in which the search of Fuchs' house was conducted by the detectives. The witness said they dug up the hearth and found the ground beneath to be quite fresh, as though it had been recently laid; he also lound a pair of blood stained sus-

penders on the bed.

Inspector George A. Waddy, of the Brooklyn police, testified that the prisoner was brought to the station house on Sunday about two o'clock; he was bleeding from cuts on the back of his hand and on his thumb; with the blood he kept daubing his clothing; on the left leg of his pantaloons and elsewhere the witness found spots of dry blood, which the prisoner was trying to cover; Fuchs was exceedingly nervous, broke out into a perspiration and shook and trembled all over.

On the cross-examination the witness said Fuchs had

a handkerchief bound round the cuts on the left hand when he was brought into the station house by Detective Short; he removed the handkerchief himself; witness asked Fuchs where he was on the Thursday night previous and he answered in pretty plain English; asked him if Simmons had been at his house on that evening and whether he was in the habit of visiting saloons with Simmons; did not ask him snything in relation to his killing Simmons; he exhibited great nervousness after the blood spots were discovered on his clothes.

George H. Beeck, of No. 154 North First street, testified that the decased engaged board at his house about the middle of July, 1875, and lived there up to the time of his death; witness identified the watch and night key of Simmons; on Friday morning, January 28, Fuchs called on witness and asked if Simmons was at home; the same evening he came again and inquired for Simmons; on Sunday morning the prisoner called a third time and asked, "Is Simmons home yet?" witness said, "No. I am going to the Fifth precinct station house to report it;" Fuch turned away and appeared uneasy.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Market and Section 1999.

The control field of AC or Marke

limmons.

District Attorney Britton objected to the introduction of testimony showing that the prisoner had been 'twitted' as to the relations previously existing between deceased and the wife of the defendant.

The point was argued by counsel for the detence, who held that these acts led the prisoner to frenzy and leadants.

day.
Counsel, in reply to questions of the Court, stated that they would have from ten to fifteen witnesses to examine for the defence. The counsel further stated they would close the case to-day. The Court was then adjourned till ten o'clock this morning.

NO HOPE FOR DOLAN.

HE IS RESPITED FOR ONE WEEK-THE DEATH · SENTENCE INEVITABLE.

Governor Tilden has respited Dolan for one week, and he will, therefore, not be hanged on Good Friday, the day previously appointed; but unless his petition for commutation to a life sentence is granted bolan will forfeit his life to the law on the 21st inst.

In the petition which he sent to the Governor Dolan

has apparently but little hope, for when questioned yesterday regarding it he said:—"It is hard to tell whether the Governor will give me a life sentence. I haven't much hope."

The following is a copy of the letter sent by the Governor's Private Secretary to Dolau:—

Governor's Private Secretary to Dohau:—

State of New York, Executive Chamber,
Albay, N. Y., April 6, 1870,
John Richard Dolay, City Privon, New York:—
Sib.—The Governor has received your letter of the 5th
inst. He directs me to say that be has respited you until
the 21st inst., for the reason that the 14th inst, is to day
upon which a large number of the people of this State will
commemorate the credition of our Lord by solemn religlous services. He further directs me to say that his sense of
public duty will not permit him to interfere further in your
behalf. He therefore instructs me to alvise you to preduce
or the infliction of the punishment which the law imposes
for the crime of which you were convicted. You have been
strily tried, the convicton has been affirmed by the highest
court in the State, and the Governor, after a patient examination of the case, sees no reason alsy be should interpoto prevent the due execution of the sentence pronounced,
I am, yours traly.

The following appeals are the state to the Gov.

The following appeals are the state to the Gov.

bows services. He further allowed with a the services in the interferor interferor type of the public sharp with an experiment to interferor their to year for the infliction or the publishment which the law imposs farth yrard, the exacted has been afformed by the heldest court in the store, and the lieuwence, etter a nation exact the prevent the side or acception of the sentence promoted alon, yours tests, "CLLAR Frivate secretary."

The following appeal was has in right sent to the Gerenor, saped by a number of property holders—The following appeal was has in right sent to the Gerenor, saped by a number of property holders—The following appeal was had not been contained in the founds under services of seath, and heldering that the such of justice would be the sent of green expension by the test of seath, and heldering that the such of justice would be compared to seath and heldering that the such of justice would be compared to seat the such of justice would be compared to seat the such as a present seat to seat a such as a seat of seat the such as a present seat to seat a seat of seat the seat of justice would be ready to seat the seat of justice would be ready and

Chief Justice Daly, of the Court of Common Pleas, held a long consultation yesterday morning with the chief clerk of the Surrogate's Court. By the Revised Statutes the Chief Justice of the Common Pleas for the time being fills the vacancy. The duty of appointment devolves upon the Board of Supervisors of the county. Surrogate Van Schaick held the office for

county. Surrogate Van Schaick hold the office for three months only, which gives me months' tenure to his successor in case the Board of Supervisors do not make an appointment.

The ordinary business of the Surrogate's office will go on in the usual course, but all litigated cases, contests of wills, &c., will be suspended until the new Surrogate enters upon his duties.

Out of respect to the memory of deceased the flags on the City Hall were placed at half-mast yesterday.

The following communication was sent by the Mayor to the Board of Aldermen in reference to the decease of Surrogate Van Schaick;—

EXECUTED DEPARTMENT,

TO THE HONORALE THE BOASD OF ALDERMENT,—
GENTLEMENT—It is my painful duty to inform you of the death of the late Surrogate Stephen D. Van Schaick, which occurred that uight, at Savannah, Ga.

Juring a bong career as a member of this Bar, and in the six years of his service as clers of the Surrogate's Court, he had secured the well deserved confluence and regard, not only of his associates in the proteosion but also of the entire community. Elected in November last to be Surrogate of this city and county, he entered in January upon the discharge of the duties of the office with the best wishes and kindest personal feeding of all good cittens, and the many grave interests thus intrasted to him, were known of all men to be entirely safe in his keeping. By his death the city is deprived of an excellent and batchful officer, and be will be sincerely montred by all who ever knew him.

I recommend that you take suitable action to express a proper sense of the public loss.

WM. H. WICKHAM, Mayor.

It is claimed by the Board of Aldermen that, in their

m "twitted" there several times about his wife and man, Mr. Gronge S. Rosennary, of New York, mmons.

DIED.

ALLISON.—At Tappan, Rockland county, N. Y., co. Wednesday, April 5, Michael Allison, formerly of this city, in his 67th year.

Finneral services at Tappan, on Friday, at quarterpast aire A. M. Body will arrive at loot of Chambers at in this city, on Friday, at half-past twelve, where carriages will be in waiting. Interment at Greenwood.

Baccorr.—Suddenly, on the 5th list, Grack A., youngest daughter of Dewitt C. and Arabella M. Baggeott.

BAGGOTT.—Saddenly, on the 5th inst, Grack A, youngest daughter of Dewitt C and Arabella M. Baggott.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the faneral, on Friday, April 7, at one o'clock, from 96 Charles 8t.

BLAND.—On Wednesday, April 5, Harry, son of John R. and Susan Bland, aged 3 years.

Funeral from the residence of his parents, 386 State st., Brook yn, on Friday, April 7, 1876, at two P. M.

CANPIRLL.—Suddenly, at Frankill, on the Hudson, on the 4th inst, Allen Sheppard Camperill, formerly of New York.

Funeral at St. Luke's church, Matteawan, on Friday, 7th inst., upon the arrival of the eleven A. M. train from New York. Carriages will be at the Fishkill station to convey friends to the church. Return train at 3:55 P. M.

Carr.—At Rome, Italy, on the 23d of March, in the 38th year of his age, Lucius S. Carry, youngest son of William F. and Nancy Cary.

CECL.—At Newark, N. J., April 6, Helen A., wife of Frank F. Cecil, in the 26th year of her age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

CONOVER.—On Wednesday morning, KATERRING C, daughter of the late George S. Conover, in the 28th year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the toneral from the residence of her uncle, Joei D. Hunter, No. 24 East 69th 8t., on Friday, 7th inst., at hall-past cleven o'clock A. M.

Davidson,—Suddenly, in Philadeiphia, April 6, Bov. Roberts Davidson, D. D.

The remains will be taken to Carlisle, Pa., for interment.

Davidson—On Wednesday, April 5, Mary Asa, be-

at half-past one F. M.
Lightmoor.—In New York, suddenly, Colar Lightmoor, aged 67 years.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 187 Pearl st., Brooklyn, this (Friday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Low.—At New Brighton, Staten Island, on Thursday, April 6, Dankt Low, aged 83 years and 6 months.

The relatives and friends of the lamily are invited to attend the inneral, from his late residence, on Sunday, April 9, at two o'clock.

Marshilles.—On Thursday, April 6, John J., son of the late Adrice Marseilles, in the 19th year of his age.

Relatives and friends of the family are reapectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 185 West 11th st., on Saturday, April 8, at two o'clock.

o'clock.

MARSKLUS. — Wednesday evening, April 5, Rev. Nice-olas I. Marsklus, D. D., in the 85th year of his age.

The funeral will take place on Saturday afternoon, at

from his late residence, No. 294 hall-past one o'clock, from his late residence, No. 294
South 5th st. Brooklyn, E. D. The friends of the family and the clergy are respectfully invited to attend.

May —On Tuesday, April 4, Farderick Springer, infant son of William F. and Gussie May, aged 9 months and 7 days.

MRIX.—On Tuesday morning, April 4, Margaret
Pringle, wife of Robert Mein, in the Tist year of her age.